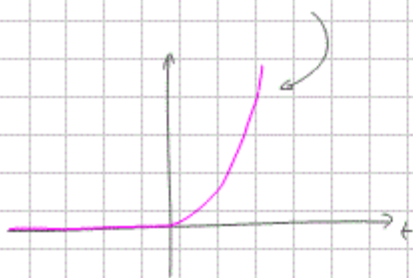


$$\begin{aligned} \sigma > 0: \quad Re \xrightarrow{R \rightarrow \infty} 0 \\ e^{-sR} \xrightarrow{R \rightarrow \infty} 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 0 - \frac{1}{s^2} (0 - 1) = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$r(t) = t \cdot u(t) \longleftrightarrow P(s) = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$ROC = \{s \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}\{s\} > 0\}$$



$$p(t) = t^2 \cdot u(t) \longleftrightarrow P(s) = \int_0^{\infty} t^2 e^{-st} dt$$

$$= \left. t^2 \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} \right|_0^{\infty} - \int_0^{\infty} 2t \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} dt$$

$$= \lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \frac{R^2 e^{-sR}}{-s} - 0 - \left(\left. 2t \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} \right|_0^{\infty} - \int_0^{\infty} 2 \frac{e^{-st}}{-s} dt \right)$$

falls $\operatorname{Re}\{s\} > 0$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{(-s)^3} \left(\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} e^{-sR} - e^{-s \cdot 0} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2!}{s^3}$$

$$t^n \cdot u(t) \longleftrightarrow \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}} \quad ROC = \{s \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re}\{s\} > 0\}$$

Linearität:

$$f(t) \longleftrightarrow F(s)$$

$$g(t) \longleftrightarrow G(s)$$

$$\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$\rightarrow \alpha f(t) + \beta g(t) \longleftrightarrow \alpha F(s) + \beta G(s)$$

$$\text{"ROC} \supseteq \text{ROC}(F) \cap \text{ROC}(G)"$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\alpha f(t) + \beta g(t)) e^{-st} dt = \alpha \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt + \beta \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(t) e^{-st} dt$$